2021 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

East Charleston Water Association

PRINT Public Water System Name

Ow 8000 +

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCP DISTRIBUTION (C	Check all boxes that apply)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication		DATE ISSUED
Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	on, water our or outer,	June 23 - 30
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I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has the appropriate distribution method(s) based on population serve is correct and consistent with the water quality monitoring data for of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 40, Part 141.151 – 155.	d. Furthermore, I certify that the info	rmation contained in the report
SUBMISSION OPTION	IS (Select one method ONLY)	
You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certific		of delivery method(s) to
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service) MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	Email: water.reports@msd	h.ms.gov

Jackson, MS 39215

Rec'd 6/15/22

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report East Charleston W/A PWS ID # 0680004 June 2022

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Included are details about from where your water comes, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water and to providing you with this information, because informed customers are our best allies. Our water is purchased from the City of Charleston. The City of Charleston's water source is groundwater. The wells draw from the Meridian Upper Wilcox and the Middle Wilcox Aquifers.

A Source Water Assessment has been completed for the City of Charleston's wells to determine the overall susceptibility of the drinking water supply and to identify potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water supply and is available upon request. The wells for The City of Charleston have received a moderate ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water, please contact John Ball Burnett at 662-647-5573. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the annual meeting for East Charleston W/A which is held on the second Tuesday in October at 6 P.M. at the State Farm Office.

We routinely monitor for over 150 contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The table below lists all the drinking water contaminants that we detected in the last round of sampling for the contaminant group. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 through December 31, (2020). As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. All drinking water, including bottled water may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we have provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/L) - One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/L) - One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Inorganic Contaminants

Contaminant (units)	Sample Date	MCL Violation Y/N	Your Water	Range Low High	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium (ppm)	*2019	N	0.0279	0.0175- 0.0279	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	*2019	N	0.7	No Range	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	*2019	N	0.104	No Range	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories

Lead and Copper Contaminants

Contaminant (units)	Sample Date	Your Water	# of sites found above the AL	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper (ppm) (90 th percentile)	*2020	0.03	0	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (ppb) (90 th percentile)	*2020	0.7	0	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Disinfectants and Disinfection Byproducts Contaminants

Districctants and Distri	nection by proc	ucto Contai	HIHAHA			
Contaminant (units)	Sample Date	MCL Violation Y/N	Your Water	Range of detects	MCLG/MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
TTHM (ppb) [Total Trihalomethanes]	2021	N	8.35	No Range	0 / 80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 (ppb) [Total Haloacetic Acids]	2021	N	11.1	No Range	0 / 60	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine (ppm)	2021	N	0.70	0.69 - 0.82	0 / MRDL =4	Water additive used to control microbes

Unregulated Contaminants

Contaminant (units)	Sample Date	MCL Violation Y/N	Your Water	Range Low High	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Sodium (ppm)	*2019	N	100	97 – 100	20	None	Road Salt, Water treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents

^{*}Most recent sample.

VIOLATIONS

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether our drinking water meets health standards. During July 2021 and October 2021, we did not monitor or test for bacteriological; During July 2021 through September 2021, we did not monitor or test for chlorine; and during November 2021 we did not monitor or test for lead and copper and therefore, cannot be sure of the quality of your drinking water during that time. Also, we received a violation for not providing public notice for a previous violation during July 2021".

Unregulated contaminants are those for which EPA has not established drinking water standards. The purpose of unregulated contaminant monitoring is to assist EPA in determining the occurrence of unregulated contaminants in drinking water and whether future regulations are warranted.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants monthly. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether our drinking water meets health standards. To ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any samples prior to the end of the monitoring period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Charleston is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

The East Charleston W/A is working hard to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Affidavit (Proof) of Publication

The Sun-Sentinel

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, COUNTY OF TALLAHATCHIE, CITY OF CHARLESTON

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Tallahatchie County, Mississippi — Page 7

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23, 2022

Sentinel leston, MS 38921 Pax: 662-647-3830

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Commission Extres J Jan. 2023

Affidavit (Proof) of Publication

The Sun-Sentinel Serving the communities of Tallahalchie County

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, COUNTY OF TALLAHATCHIE, CITY OF CHARLESTON

UUK Report Attached	CCR	Report Attached
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Before me, a Notary Public of said state, county and city, personally appeared Krista McFerrin, clerk of The Sun-Sentinel, who upon oath stated that the notice attached hereto was published in said newspaper on the date(s)

Vol. 99 No. 25 Dated June 23, 2022

The Sun-Sentinel
P.O. Box 250 • Charleston, MS 38921
Phone: 662-647-8462 • Fax: 662-647-3830
Email: krista@charlestonsun.net

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this _____ day of ______ 2022.

Notary HUBITOT CLAYTON MEFERRIN JA

Jan. 6 2023